



**HIMACHAL PRADESH NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, SHIMLA
SEMESTER-X**

COURSE TITLE : Criminal and Correctional Psychology

(CREDITS – 04)

Module-1

Introduction to Criminal Psychology

- 1.1 Meaning, Nature, Scope and Historical perspective of Criminal Psychology
- 1.2 Distinct but related areas- Criminal Psychology, Criminology, Forensic Psychology and Correctional Psychology
- 1.3 Mental Illness and Crime, Substance Abuse and Crime
- 1.4 Socio-Cultural Approaches to Crime
- 1.5 Human Aggression and Violence

Module-2

Theoretical Approaches to Criminal Psychology

- 2.1 Psychological, Psycho analytical /Psychodynamic approaches to crime
- 2.2 Behaviorist and Cognitive Approaches to Crime
- 2.3 Social Learning approaches to crime
- 2.4 Humanistic Perspective on Crime
- 2.5 Personality Disorders and Offending
(Neuro Biological Approaches to Crime)

Module-3

Criminal Psychology and Application

- 3.1 Juvenile Delinquency and Development Theories of Crime
- 3.2 Law and Policy for offenders with Mental Illness
- 3.3 Application of Psychology in Criminal Justice (Police Investigation, in Courts)
- 3.4 Psychological Assessment and Offender Profiling
- 3.5 Women Offenders and Victims of Crime

Module-4

Correctional Psychology

- 4.1 Introduction to Correctional Psychology
- 4.2 Role of Psychology in managing Prisons and Offenders
- 4.3 The Psychology of Imprisonment
- 4.4 Offender Treatment Programmes
- 4.5 Prevention, Rehabilitation and Restorative Justice

Prescribed Books:

1. Russil Durrant, *An Introduction to Criminal Psychology*, Taylor and Francis 2nd Ed. 2018
2. David Canter, *Criminal Psychology*, Hodder Education, London 2008
3. Marguerite Ternes, Philip R. Magaletta, Marc W. Patry. (2018). *The Practice of Correctional Psychology*, Springer International Publishing.

Reference Books :

1. Brussel, James A. (1968). *Casebook of a crime psychiatrist*. New York: Bernard Geis associates.
2. Bull.R. et. Al (ed.) (2006) *Criminal psychology: a beginner's guide*. One World: Oxford.
3. Frank E. Hagan (2008). *Introduction to Criminology*, 6th edition. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage
4. Lyman, M. D. *Criminal investigation: The art and the science* (6th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall. 2011
5. Wright, D. B., Memon, A., Skagerberg, E. M., & Gabbert, F. When eyewitnesses talk. *Current Directions in Psychological Science*, 18, (2009). 174-178.
6. Curt R.Bartol and Anne M. Bartol, *criminal behavior: a Psychological approach*, 11thedn. Pearson education ltd. (2017)
7. Frank E. Hagan (2008). *Introduction to Criminology*, 6th edition. Thousand Oaks, CA:Sage
8. Tappan, Paul w.(1960). *Crime, Justice , and Correction*. McGraw-Hill Book Company ,Inc. Newyork
9. Yablasnsky, Lewis. (1990) .*Criminology- Crime and Criminality*. Harper & RowPublishers Inc. New York.
- 10.Mamoria, C.B.(1961). *Social Problems and Social Disorganization in India*. KitabMahal Allahabad.
- 11.Roger, Hopkins Burke.(2014). *An Introduction to Criminological Theory*. (4th ed.),Rutledge Taylor & Francis Group London and New york.
- 12.Williams, Katherine S. (2001). *Text Book of Criminology*. Universal Law PublishingCo. Pvt.Ltd.
- 13.Ceci, S.J., & Bruck, M. (1993). The Suggestibility of the child witness: A historicalreview and synthesis. *Psychological Bulletin*, 113, 403-439.

Copy Dean Academic Affairs,
H.P. National Law University,
Shimla - 171014